Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2020

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Stonegate Village Metropolitan District
Douglas County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Stonegate Village Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of Stonegate Village Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2020 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the budgetary comparison for information on pages 30 and 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The required supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Sincerely,

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wipfli LLP

September 15, 2021

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

		Business-Type	T 1
AGGETG	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS CHRRENT AGGETG			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments	e 226.047	¢ 12 025 000	£ 12 272 027
	\$ 336,947	\$ 12,935,980	\$ 13,272,927
Cash and investments - restricted	196,043	7,263,948	7,459,991
Accounts receivable - customer	188,078	550,352	738,430
Accounts receivable - other	48	184,962	185,010
Accounts receivable - county treasurer	19,172	-	19,172
Property taxes receivable	2,743,853	-	2,743,853
Prepaid expense	6,571	125 004	6,571
Prepaid bond insurance	2 400 712	135,994	135,994
Total Current Assets	3,490,712	21,071,236	24,561,948
CAPITAL ASSETS			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,527,420	46,230,452	58,757,872
Total Assets	16,018,132	67,301,688	83,319,820
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on refunding	907,252		907,252
Total deferred outflows of resources	907,252		907,252
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	191,989	633,060	825,049
Accrued bond interest payable	15,660	113,596	129,256
Bonds payable, due within one year	2,835,000	700,000	3,535,000
Total Current Liabilities	3,042,649	1,446,656	4,489,305
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
Bonds payable, net of current portion	12,320,000	32,776,321	45,096,321
Total Liabilities	15,362,649	34,222,977	49,585,626
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes	2,743,853	_	2,743,853
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,743,853		2,743,853
NET POSITION			
NET POSITION	(2 (27 590)	12.754.121	10,126,551
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	(2,627,580)	12,754,131	10,120,331
	2 192		2 192
Emergency reserve Debt service	2,182 193,190	-	2,182 193,190
	193,190	7 262 049	
Capital projects Unrestricted:	1,251,090	7,263,948 13,060,632	7,263,948 14,311,722
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (1,181,118)	\$ 33,078,711	\$ 31,897,593
1 Star 1 tot 1 Obliton (Delicit)	ψ (1,101,110)	Ψ 22,010,111	Ψ 31,071,373

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

				Net	(Expense) Reve	nue
		Program	Revenues	and C	hanges in Net Po	osition
			Operating			
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	<u>Total</u>
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$ 716,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (716,125)	s -	\$ (716,125)
Landscape and recreation	1,269,119	1,274,248	43,828	48,957	ψ - -	48,957
Interest and related costs on long-term debt	622,898	1,2/4,240	-3,020	(622,898)	_	(622,898)
Total Governmental Activities	2,608,142	1,274,248	43,828	(1,290,066)		(1,290,066)
Business-Type Activities:						
Water	5,047,969	4,276,528	_	_	(771,441)	(771,441)
Sewer	2,692,550	2,696,884		_	4,334	4,334
Total Business-Type Activities	7,740,519	6,973,412			(862,652)	(862,652)
Total	<u>\$ 10,348,661</u>	\$8,247,660	\$ 43,828	(1,290,066)	(862,652)	(2,152,718)
	General Reven	ues:				
	Property tax	xes		2,449,940	-	2,449,940
	Specific ow	nership taxes		212,334	_	212,334
	Reimbursed			-	121,820	121,820
	Net investn	nent income		9,055	70,045	79,100
	Sustainabili	ity fees		1,104,576	_	1,104,576
	Tap fees			-	827,924	827,924
	Other reven	nues		41,869	7,788	49,657
	Transfer (to) from other f	unds	(932,515)	932,515	<u>-</u>
	Total Gen	neral Revenues	3	2,885,259	1,960,092	4,845,351
	_	n Net Position		1,595,193	1,097,440	2,692,633
	Net Position:	~		(2 776 211)	21 001 271	20 204 060
	Beginning	g		(2,776,311)	\$ 31,981,271	29,204,960
	Ending			\$ (1,181,118)	\$ 33,078,711	\$ 31,897,593

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

ACCETTO		<u>General</u>		Debt Service		Special Revenue	G	Total Sovernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	d.	202.766	¢.		¢.	42 101	d.	226.047
Cash and investments	\$	293,766	\$	106.042	\$	43,181	\$	336,947
Cash and investments - restricted		100 070		196,043		-		196,043
Accounts receivable - customer		188,078		10.647		-		188,078
Accounts receivable - county treasurer		525		18,647		-		19,172
Accounts receivable - other		48		2 (7) 557		-		48
Property taxes receivable Prepaid expense		67,296 6,571		2,676,557		-		2,743,853 6,571
Total Assets	\$	556,284	•	2,891,247	\$	43,181	\$	3,490,712
Total Assets	Ф	330,264	Ф	2,091,247	Ф	43,161	Ф	3,490,712
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	142,968	\$	5,840	\$	43,181	\$	191,989
Total Liabilities	_	142,968		5,840		43,181		191,989
DEFENDED DIEL ONG OF DESCRIPCES								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		(7.20)		0.676.557				2.742.052
Deferred property taxes		67,296	_	2,676,557				2,743,853
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	67,296	_	2,676,557	_	-	_	2,743,853
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		6,571		_		_		6,571
Restricted for:								
Emergency reserve		2,182		_		_		2,182
Debt service		_		208,850		_		208,850
Unassigned		337,267		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		337,267
Total Fund Balance		346,020		208,850		_		554,870
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	556,284	\$	2,891,247	\$	43,181		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in Capital assets used in governmental activities	are	not financi		net position	are (different be	caus	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in	the	funds						12,527,420
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the			erio	od and,				
Loans payable								(15,155,000)
Accrued interest on bonds payable								(15,660)
The funds report bond premiums as expenditute the costs are incurred, but the statement of recosts as deferred assets and amortizes the costs as deferred assets and amortizes the costs.	net p	osition rep						
Bond refunding loss - net							_	907,252
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activiti	es						\$	(1,181,118)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Special Revenue	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	67,101	\$ 2,382,839	\$ -	\$ 2,449,940
Specific ownership taxes		5,816	206,518	-	212,334
Park and recreation fees		1,253,640	-	-	1,253,640
Conservation trust fund		43,828	-	-	43,828
Community center fees		20,608	-	-	20,608
Sustainability fees		-	-	1,104,576	1,104,576
Miscellaneous income		38,349	-	3,520	41,869
Net investment income		2,756	5,906	393	9,055
Total Revenues	_	1,432,098	2,595,263	1,108,489	5,135,850
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
Administration		75,543	35,764	175,974	287,281
Parks and recreation		1,269,119	-	-	1,269,119
Debt service:					
Principal		-	20,010,000	-	20,010,000
Interest		-	360,883	-	360,883
Issuance costs		-	100,620	-	100,620
Capital outlay:		202.002			202.002
Parks and recreation		303,803			303,803
Water capital costs Sewer upgrade		-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	_	1,648,465	20,507,267	175,974	22,331,706
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		(216,367)	(17,912,004)	932,515	(17,195,856)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Loan Proceeds		-	17,655,000	-	17,655,000
Transfer (to) from other funds		<u>-</u>		(932,515)	(932,515)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		17,655,000	(932,515)	16,722,485
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(216,367)	(257,004)	-	(473,371)
FUND BALANCE:					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	562,387	465,854		1,028,241
END OF YEAR	\$	346,020	\$ 208,850	\$ -	\$ 554,870

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds \$ (473,371)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful lives of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, net of depreciation, in the current period.

Capital outlay 303,803

Depreciation expense (428,844)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Debt refunding costs amortization (184,526)
Bond principal payment 20,010,000
Bond proceeds (17,655,000)

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Interest on bonds payable 23,131

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 1,595,193

BALANCE SHEET PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2020

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 12,935,980
Cash and investments - restricted	7,263,948
Accounts receivable - customer	550,352
Accounts receivable - other	184,962
Prepaid expense	-
Prepaid bond insurance	135,994
Total Current Assets	21,071,236
CAPITAL ASSETS	
Water rights	2,963,385
Water system	46,342,890
Sewer treatment system and plant	32,554,862
Less accumulated depreciation	(35,630,685)
Net capital assets	46,230,452
Total Assets	\$ 67,301,688
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 633,060
Accrued bond interest payable	113,596
Bonds payable, due within one year	700,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,446,656
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Bonds payable, net of current portion	32,776,321
Total Liabilities	34,222,977
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	12,754,131
Unrestricted	20,324,580
Total Net Position	33,078,711
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 67,301,688

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

OPERATING REVENUES	.
Water sales	\$ 4,177,946
Sewer charges	2,610,504
Reimbursements	121,820
Capital true-up payments Other income	184,962 7,788
Total Operating Revenues	7,103,020
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Accounting / Audit	79,470
District management	461,176
Utility billing	36,493
Engineering/consulting	100,325
Insurance	71,007
Legal	55,461
Miscellaneous / office expenses	19,077
Website/PR expense	1,361
Dues and permits	4,980
Meter set costs	15,704
Meter read costs	19,414
Chemicals	169,529
Operations	647,416
Operating costs WISE-Renewable Water	67,429
Renewable water WISE	1,187,101
Lab analysis	73,245
Maintenance	263,452
Repair and replacement	377,384
Line cleaning	148,404
Utilities and telephone	781,895
Sludge disposal	53,747
Well Maintenance	14,212
Reimbursement expense	45,637
PH study	13,978
ASR project management	42,231
Debt service - interest	1,034,689
Custodian fee - debt	1,100
Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	1,954,602 7,740,519
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(637,499
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(007,133
Transfer (to)/from other funds	932,515
Bond issuance costs	(95,545
Tap fees	827,924
Interest income	70,045
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,734,939
NET INCOME (LOSS) - CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,097,440
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	31,981,271
TELL CONTON	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

	Water	Sewer	Capital Projects	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 4,167,627	\$ 2,607,661	\$ -	\$ 6,775,288
Other receipts	541,068	7,788	-	548,856
Payments to suppliers	(3,444,079)	(1,361,141)	13,485	(4,791,735)
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Operating Activities	1,264,616	1,254,308	13,485	2,532,409
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Bond proceeds	_	_	7,510,000	7,510,000
Bond premium	_	_	1,133,529	1,133,529
Bond issuance costs	_	_	(95,545)	(95,545)
Bond principal and interest paid	(846,056)	(774,706)	, , ,	(1,620,762)
Capital improvements	(0.10,030)	(60,382)	(5,047,014)	(5,107,396)
Tap fees	413,962	413,962	(0,0.7,01.)	827,924
Transfer from other funds	932,515	-	-	932,515
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	500,421	(421,126)	3,500,970	3,580,265
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investment income	21,038	33,645	15,362	70,045
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Investing Activities	21,038	33,645	15,362	70,045
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,786,075	866,827	3,529,817	6,182,719
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,313,097	11,803,092	(98,980)	14,017,209
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,099,172	\$ 12,669,919	\$ 3,430,837	\$ 20,199,928
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PRO	VIDED			
(REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss) from operations	\$ (649,621)	\$ 12,122	\$ -	\$ (637,499)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO				,
NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Depreciation	1,135,364	819,238	-	1,954,602
Amortization of Bond Premium	(44,923)	(19,514)	_	(64,437)
Interest expense	571,056	499,706	_	1,070,762
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	Ź	,		, ,
Accounts payable	(42,470)	31,111	13,485	2,126
Other liabilities	25,282	(916)	-	24,366
Receivables	310,347	(89,223)	_	221,124
Prepaid expenses	(40,419)	1,784	_	(38,635)
Net Adjustments	1,914,237	1,242,186	13,485	3,169,908
NET CASH PROVIDED (REQUIRED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,264,616	\$ 1,254,308	\$ 13,485	\$ 2,532,409

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Stonegate Village Metropolitan District, located in Douglas County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on July 20, 1983, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to develop and provide construction of arterial streets and landscaping, installation of storm drainage facilities, installation of water and sanitation supply and distribution facilities, and construction and maintenance of recreation facilities, parks and trails. The District's primary revenues are property taxes, water sales, sewer charges and park and recreation fees. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

Effective as of November 30, 1996, as a result of the Second Amended and Restated Regional Facilities Construction Agreement dated November 22, 1996 with Lincoln Park Metropolitan District, the operation and ownership of the Water and Sewer Funds was conveyed to the District. The District currently provides water and sewer service to both districts' property service areas.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes, fees and other material income. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the purchase, construction, operation, and maintenance of water resource facilities used by the District. The primary revenue of the fund is a monthly \$15 charge on each customer's water bill.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund – The Water and Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund ("Enterprise Fund") accounts for the activities associated with providing both potable and non-potable (irrigation) water to the District's citizens.

The Enterprise Fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for the water and sewer services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds and enterprise funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

During November, 2020, the District amended its total appropriations in the Debt Service Fund from \$2,919,405 to \$20,700,000 primarily the issuance of and expenditures related to the Series 2020 General Obligation Refunding Loan (see Note 4). Subsequent to year end, the District amended its total appropriations in the Special Revenue Fund from \$1,073,136 to \$1,200,000 primarily due to higher than expected transfers to the Water Fund.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2020, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outlflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Prepaid Bond Insurance Costs and Debt Refunding Costs

The prepaid bond insurance costs from the Series 2014 Wastewater Revenue Bonds and the Series 2015 Water Revenue Bonds and the debt refunding costs from the 2020 GO Refunding Loan are being amortized over the term of the debt using the straight-line method. The bond premiums from the Series 2014 Wastewater Revenue Bonds and the Series 2015 Wastewater Revenue Bonds are being amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. At December 31, 2020, the accumulated amortizations of the bond insurance costs, the bond premium and the debt refunding costs were \$22,611, \$369,636, and \$92,263, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the assets are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles	3 years
Parks and recreation	20 years
Water system	30 years
Sewer system	30 years

Property Tax

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$6,571 represents prepaid expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$2,182 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$208,850 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with the Series 2014, 2015 and 2020 General Obligation Refunding and Improvement loans (see Note 4).

Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund. All funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2020, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments	\$ 13,272,927
Cash and investments – Restricted	7,459,991
Total	\$ <u>20,732,918</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions

Investments – COLOTRUST

\$ 6,817,652

13,915,266

\$ 20,732,918

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured depositories and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District's deposits was exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Investments</u>

Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value (NAV) per share.

Credit risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investment:

COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST" or the "Trust") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to the Trust. Substantially all securities owned by the Trust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2020, the District had \$13,915,266 invested in COLOTRUST.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020, follows:

	Balance 1/1/2020	A	dditions	D	eletions	1	Balance 2/31/2020
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Street landscaping	\$ 3,386,545	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,386,545
Landscaping	850,806		-		-		850,806
Construction in progress	 2,089,646		275,000				2,364,646
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	 6,326,997		275,000		<u>-</u>		6,601,997
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Recreation center	4,077,955		-		-		4,077,955
Other recreation equipment/fences	1,297,011		28,803		-		1,325,814
Vehicles	6,000		-		-		6,000
Reservoir	 6,700,234						6,700,234
Total capital assets being depreciated:	12,081,200		28,803		-		12,110,003
Accumulated Depreciation	5,755,736		428,844		<u>-</u>		6,184,580
Net capital assets being depreciated:	6,325,464		(400,041)				5,925,423
Governmental assets, net	\$ 12,652,461	\$	(125,041)	\$		\$	12,527,420
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Water rights	\$ 2,963,385	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,963,385
Construction in progress - Water system	1,750,035		5,047,014		1,750,035		5,047,014
Construction in progress - Sewer system	 		60,382				60,382
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	 4,713,420		5,107,396		1,750,035		8,070,781
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Water system	39,545,841		1,750,035		-		41,295,876
Sewer system	32,494,480		_				32,494,480
Total capital assets being depreciated:	72,040,321		1,750,035		-		73,790,356
Accumulated Depreciation	33,676,083		1,954,602		-		35,630,685
Net capital assets being depreciated:	38,364,238		(204,567)			_	38,159,671
Business-type assets, net	\$ 43,077,658	\$	4,902,829	\$	1,750,035	\$	46,230,452

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Depreciation is charged to the general government function in the government-wide financial statements. Upon completion and acceptance, all of the governmental activities fixed assets except for the landscaping, parks and recreation, vehicles and the reservoir will be conveyed by the District to other local governments. The District will not be responsible for maintenance of fixed assets conveyed to other governmental entities.

Note 4: <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

\$9,300,000 General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2014

On November 25, 2014, the District advance refunded and defeased (debt legally satisfied) \$9,985,000 of its Series 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, from the issuance of a \$9,300,000 General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2014 ("Series 2014 Loan"). The Series 2014 Loan bears interest at a rate of 2.60%. Interest is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2015. The Series 2014 Loan is subject to scheduled principal payments commencing on December 1, 2015. On or after December 1, 2018, the Series 2014 Loan is subject to optional prepayments without a prepayment penalty with 30 days' notice. The Series 2014 Loan was issued to provide \$9,157,908 in order to refund a portion of the Series 2006 bonds. The net present value savings as a result of the refunding was approximately \$388,500. The District incurred refunding costs of \$1,380,695 which are being amortized over the life of the Series 2014 loan in the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

On June 30, 2020, the District refunded and defeased the outstanding balance of the Series 2014 Loan with the issuance of the Series 2020 Refunding Loan.

\$17,120,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2015.

On April 21, 2015, the District advance refunded and defeased (debt legally satisfied) the remaining outstanding balance of its Series 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, from the issuance of a \$17,120,000 Taxable (Convertible to Tax-Exempt) General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2015 ("Series 2015 Loan"). The Series 2015 Loan bears interest at a rate of 3.81% to the conversion date of December 1, 2016 and 2.65% thereafter. Interest is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2015. The Series 2015 Loan is subject to scheduled principal payments commencing on December 1, 2015. On or after December 1, 2018, the Series 2015 Loan is subject to optional prepayments without a prepayment penalty with 30 days' notice. The Series 2015 Loan was issued to provide \$16,938,045 in order to refund the balance of the Series 2006 bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

As a result of the issuance of the Series 2015 Loan, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities have been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount by \$1,952,899. This amount was recorded as a deferred outflow and was being amortized over the original remaining life of the refunded bonds until these bonds were then refunded in 2020. The original refunding resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$353,000 due to the average interest rate of the Series 2015 Loan being lower than the refunded bonds.

On June 30, 2020, the District refunded and defeased the outstanding balance of the Series 2015 Loan with the issuance of the Series 2020 Refunding Loan.

\$17,655,000 General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2020

On June 30, 2020, the District refunded and defeased the outstanding balances of the Series 2014 Loan and the Series 2015 Loan (collectively "refunded loans") from the issuance of a \$17,655,000 General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2020 ("Series 2020 Loan"). The Series 2020 Loan bears interest at a rate of 1.240% payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2020. The Series 2020 Loan is subject to scheduled principal payments commencing on December 1, 2020. The Series 2020 Loan is subject to optional prepayments at any time subject to a yield maintenance fee. The Series 2020 Loan was issued to refund the outstanding balances of the Series 2014 Loan and the Series 2015 Loan.

As a result of the issuance of the Series 2020 Loan, the refunded loans are considered to be defeased and the liabilities have been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount by \$999,515. This amount is recorded as a deferred outflow and is being amortized over the original remaining life of the refunded bonds. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$628,075 due to the average interest rate of the Series 2020 Loan being lower than the refunded loans.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The Series 2020 Loan Agreement provides that the occurrence or existence of any one or more of the following events shall be an Event of Default thereunder: (a) the District fails to pay or cause to be paid when due any principal or interest in connection with the Series 2020 Loan or any other amount due under the Loan Agreement; (b) the District fails or refused to impose the Required Mill Levy or to remit the Pledged Revenue to the Lender as required under this Agreement, (c) the District fails to observe or perform any other of the material covenants, agreements, duties or conditions on the part of the District in this Agreement, the Note or the other financing documents to which it is a party and such failure either is not remedied to the satisfaction of the Lender within 30 days after the District receives written notice from the Lender of the occurrent of such failure or results in the interest borne by the Note to be taxable to the holder thereof for federal income tax purposes, d) the District shall commence any case, proceeding or other action relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, relief of debtors, or seeking appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or similar official. Upon the occurrence and continuance of an event of default, the Lender may declare the default rate to be applicable to the loan or proceed to protect and enforce its rights under this Agreement, the Note or other financing documents by mandamus or any other suit, action, or proceedings at law or in equity. Acceleration of the Series 2020 Loan is not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements related to the Series 2020 Loan:

	 Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$ 2,835,000	\$	187,922	\$	3,022,922
2022	2,940,000		152,768		3,092,768
2023	3,030,000		116,312		3,146,312
2024	3,120,000		78,740		3,198,740
2025	 3,230,000		40,052		3,270,052
	\$ 15,155,000	\$	575,794	\$	15,730,794

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

\$13,040,000 Wastewater Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2014

On May 2, 2014, the District issued \$13,040,000 of Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 ("Series 2014 Bonds"). The Series 2014Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. Interest is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2014. The Series 2014 Bonds are subject to scheduled principal payments commencing on December 1, 2014. Bonds maturing after December 1, 2022 are subject to optional redemption on or after December 1, 2022 at par. The Series 2014 Bonds are secured by the net revenues of the sewer activity of the District's enterprise fund. The Series 2014 Bonds were issued to provide \$13,200,000 for the rehabilitation of the sanitary sewer system. The District received a premium of \$417,963 and incurred insurance costs of \$52,235, both of which are being amortized over the life of the Series 2014 Bonds in the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

\$13,825,000 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2015

On October 28, 2015, the District issued \$13,825,000 of Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 ("Series 2015 Bonds"). The Series 2015 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. Interest is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds are subject to scheduled principal payments commencing on December 1, 2015. Bonds maturing after December 1, 2023 are subject to optional redemption on or after December 1, 2022 at par. The Series 2015 Bonds are secured by the net revenues of the water activity of the District's enterprise fund. The Series 2015 Bonds were issued to finance improvements to the District's water system and pay the costs of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The District received a premium of \$914,465 and incurred insurance costs of \$63,649, both of which are being amortized over the life of the Series 2015 Bonds in the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

\$7,510,000 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2020

On November 10, 2020, The District issued \$7,510,000 of Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 ("Series 2020 Bonds"). The Series 2020 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%. Interest is payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2021. The Series 2020 Bonds are subject to scheduled principal payments commencing on December 1, 2021. Bonds maturing after December 1, 2031 are subject to optional redemption on or after December 1, 2030 at par. The Series 2014 Bonds are secured by the net revenues of the water activity of the District's enterprise fund. The Series 2020 Bonds were issued to provide improvements to the District's water system. The District received a premium of \$1,133,529 and incurred insurance costs of \$143,529, both of which are being amortized over the life of the Series 2020 Bonds in the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Events of Default as defined by the Series 2014, 2015 and 2020 Bond Resolutions include a) the District fails to pay any principal amount as it becomes due and payable, b) the District fails to pay any interest amount as it becomes due and payable, c) the occurrence and continuance of an "event of default" as defined in any Parity Bond Resolution, d) the District unreasonably delays or fails to carry out with reasonable dispatch the reconstruction of any part of the System which is destroyed or damaged and is not promptly repaired or replaced unless such reconstruction is not essential to the efficient operation of the System, e) appointment of a Receiver unless vacated, discharged, or stayed on appeal within 60 days of entry, f) a default under the provisions of the Insurance Agreement occurs and continues, or g) the District defaults in the due and punctual performance of any other of the representations, covenants, conditions, agreements and other provision contained in the Bonds or in this Resolution on its part to be performed. And such default continues for 60 days after written notice.

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Owner or Owners of not less than 25% (66% for the Series 2015 Bonds and Series 2020 Bonds) in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding may proceed against the District to protect and to enforce the rights of any owner of the bonds under this Resolution. There is no provision for acceleration of maturity of the principal of the Series 2014 Bonds or Series 2015 Bonds in the event of a default.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements related to the Series 2014 Bonds, Series 2015 Bonds and Series 2020 Bonds:

		Principal	Interest	Total			
2021	\$ 700,000		\$ \$ 1,363,138		2,063,138		
2022		745,000	1,319,262		2,064,262		
2023		770,000	1,290,962		2,060,962		
2024		810,000	1,255,562		2,065,562		
2025		845,000	1,218,262		2,063,262		
2026-2030		4,790,000	5,526,145		10,316,145		
2031-2035		5,830,000	4,489,450		10,319,450		
2036-2040		7,175,000	3,144,550		10,319,550		
2041-2045		8,105,000	1,443,150		9,548,150		
2046-2049		1,610,000	 164,000		1,774,000		
	\$	31,380,000	\$ 21,214,482	\$	52,594,482		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2020:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020	Current Portion
Loans from direct borrowings and direct placements:					
GO Refunding Loan - Series 2014	\$ 6,645,000	\$ -	\$ (6,645,000)	\$ -	\$ -
GO Refunding Loan - Series 2015	10,865,000	-	(10,865,000)	-	-
GO Refunding Loan - Series 2020		17,655,000	(2,500,000)	15,155,000	2,835,000
Loan Totals	17,510,000	17,655,000	(20,010,000)	15,155,000	2,835,000
Revenue Bonds:					
2014 Wastewater Revenue Bonds	11,620,000	-	(275,000)	11,345,000	285,000
2015 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds	12,800,000	-	(275,000)	12,525,000	285,000
2020 Water Enterprise Revenue Bonds		7,510,000		7,510,000	130,000
Bond Totals	24,420,000	7,510,000	(550,000)	31,380,000	700,000
Bond premium (net) 2014 Revenue Bonds	302,731	-	(19,514)	283,217	<u>-</u>
Bond premium (net) 2015 Revenue Bonds	724,498		(44,923)	679,575	-
Bond premium (net) 2020 Revenue Bonds		1,133,529		1,133,529	
Bond Premium Totals	1,027,229	1,133,529	(64,437)	2,096,321	-
Revenue Bond Totals	25,447,229	8,643,529	(614,437)	33,476,321	700,000
	\$ 42,957,229	\$ 26,298,529	\$ (20,624,437)	\$ 48,631,321	\$3,535,000

The District had no Unused Lines of Credit at December 31, 2021.

Debt Authorization

As of December 31, 2020, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$69,770,000 from an election held December 22, 1987 at an interest rate not to exceed 18%. In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized, but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area, however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable. The continued validity of the remaining general obligation from 1987 debt authorization may be in question as a result of Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 7).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 5: <u>Segment Information</u>

The District's enterprise fund provides water and sewer services. Segment information for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Water	 Sewer	Total			
Operating revenue	\$ 4,299,766	\$ 2,618,292	\$	6,918,058		
Depreciation	\$ 1,135,364	\$ 819,238	\$	1,954,602		
Net operating income (loss)	\$ (748,203)	\$ (74,258)	\$	(822,461)		
Total capital assets	\$30,726,990	\$ 15,503,462	\$	46,230,452		

Note 6: <u>Intergovernmental Agreements</u>

Rueter-Hess Reservoir Storage Easement

In 2008, the District entered into an agreement with Parker Water and Sanitation District ("Parker"), whereby Parker granted a water storage easement to the District in the Rueter-Hess Reservoir. The easement is a permanent, non-exclusive right for the District to use 1,200 acre feet of reservoir storage capacity. The total cost to the District relating to the easement was \$6,644,394, of which \$6,637,666 pertained to the easement agreement.

Regional Facilities Construction Agreement

On November 22, 1996, the District entered into a Second Amended and Restated Regional Facilities and Construction Agreement with Lincoln Park Metropolitan District ("Lincoln Park") to replace a previous agreement between the parties dated April 15, 1992. This agreement provides that all rights, title and interest, including water rights, that Lincoln Park has in the water and sanitary sewer system, which serves both districts, were conveyed to the District. Certain water, sanitary sewer and street improvements, as defined in the agreement, within Lincoln Park's boundaries were to be constructed and financed by the District. Any costs incurred within Lincoln Park's boundaries that were not identified in the agreement were to be paid by Lincoln Park. The District will continue to own, operate and maintain the recreational and park facilities as well as the water and sewer facilities.

The Districts agreed that the first 2,531 single family ¾ inch water tap equivalents (SFEs) to be developed and delivered through the water facilities, as well as the water capacity necessary to serve certain irrigation properties within Lincoln Park's boundaries were to be dedicated in perpetuity to supply water taps in the District. Water taps in excess of the above are dedicated to Lincoln Park. The District, Lincoln Park and the Developer have agreed to share pro rata the costs to maintain water rights in the Augmentation Plan.

The District has deposited water and sewer tap fees to the Debt Service Fund to meet debt service requirements by Board policy since all capital outlay has been made from bond proceeds.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Sewer treatment capacity in excess of 550,000 gallons per day is reserved to Lincoln Park. The District will construct certain streets and related components and shall operate, maintain and replace such streets until they have been deeded to Douglas County upon final approval and acceptance by the County.

The agreement also provides procedures for the escrow and disbursement of funds related to the construction of these facilities. Annually, the Districts are to agree to a construction budget.

The District is tracking Lincoln Park's share of the Rueter-Hess cost described above and is applying sustainability and water resource fees attributable to Lincoln Park to reduce Lincoln Park's share. The unpaid share accrues interest at 4.50% per annum. The balance owed under this arrangement was paid in full as of December 31, 2020.

Lincoln Park remits \$5.00 of the monthly park and recreation fee it collects to cover its share of the recreation center facility constructed by the District in 2010. The unpaid share accrues interest at 4.50% per annum. The balance owed under this arrangement was paid in full as of December 31, 2020.

Compark Business Campus Metropolitan District Regional Facilities Agreement

During 1998, the District entered into a Regional Facilities Agreement with Compark Business Campus Metropolitan District "Compark", formerly Compark and E470 Business Campus Metropolitan District. The District agreed to provide water and sanitation services to the property within the Compark boundaries in exchange for conveyance by Compark of a minimum of 317 acre feet of water to the District. Compark also agreed to finance all facilities which are necessary for the District to provide water and sewer services to Compark properties. These facilities will be owned by the District. The agreement also provides that the District will receive an access fee for each single family equivalent combined water and sewer tap from Compark. As of December 31, 2020, the access fee was \$2,906.

The fee can be adjusted September 1 of each year based on the Denver-Boulder CPI. The District did not receive any fees during the year ended December 31, 2020.

The agreement was amended in 2008 "the Fourth Amendment" to provide for and clarify the procedures for developing funding and a renewable water capital plan. The amended agreement provides of Compark's participation in the funding of certain water system infrastructure and the Rueter-Hess Reservoir water storage project (See "Rueter-Hess Reservoir Storage Easement" above). Compark is to provide reimbursement of \$118,983 plus 16.25% of the District's administrative and legal costs for a pipeline, and \$1,072,500 plus 16.25% of the District's investment in the Rueter-Hess Reservoir.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Water Infrastructure and Supply Efficiency (WISE) Partnership – Aurora Water, Denver Water, and South Metro Water Supply Authority (SMWSA) are in partnership to share infrastructure capacity and available water supplies in the South Metro area. Stonegate Village Metropolitan District is a member of SMWSA and has agreed to receive water through the WISE Partnership. Subscription levels are set by the board of the WISE Authority and payments for water and capacity are paid directly to South Metro Wise Authority on a monthly basis. On December 4, 2019, the WISE Authority board re-evaluated the reserve fund that was maintained and funded by the members. They determined that there was an excess and that this excess would be released and returned pro-rata to the members of the Authority. As the result, the South Metro Wise Authority returned \$419,248 to Stonegate Village Metropolitan District during March of 2020. This was included in revenue in 2019 as other income and included in the Statement of Position as an Account Receivable since it related to an action taken at the December WISE board meeting.

Note 7: Tax Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights "TABOR" contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned business authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Note 8: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the "Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not need for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND

	Original & Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Property taxes		\$ 67,101	\$ (320)
Specific ownership taxes	5,400	5,816	416
Park and recreation fees	1,252,962	1,253,640	678
Conservation trust fund	40,000	43,828	3,828
Community center fees	38,000	20,608	(17,392)
Miscellaneous income	10,000	38,349	28,349
Net investment income	12,000	2,756	(9,244)
Total Revenues	1,425,783	1,432,098	6,315
EXPENDITURES			
District management	28,000	24,640	3,360
Accounting and audit	2,600	3,311	(711)
Directors' fees and payroll taxes	7,500	9,000	(1,500)
Legal	6,860	3,143	3,717
Elections	2,500	-	2,500
Insurance	7,400	7,534	(134)
Engineering	2,000	-	2,000
Repairs and maintenance	200,000	232,440	(32,440)
Landscape contract	432,500	413,912	18,588
Recreation Maintenance:			
Recreation operations/maint	106,900	61,668	45,232
Pool management	160,000	161,358	(1,358)
Pool chemicals/supplies/misc	92,000	60,046	31,954
Landscape improvements	160,000	86,994	73,006
Utilities	105,000	123,301	(18,301)
County treasurer's fees	1,011	1,007	4
Security and vandalism	5,700	2,421	3,279
Snow removal	40,000	14,837	25,163
Fence maintenance	150,000	58,350	91,650
Miscellaneous	3,000	7,798	(4,798)
Utility billing	1,500	2,166	(666)
CTF expenses	40,000	43,828	(3,828)
Communication/PR expense	250	15,626	250
Office and equipment expense	25,000	26,908	(1,908)
Capital expense	25,000	303,803	(303,803)
Emergency Reserve	2,185	303,003	2,185
Contingency	332,484	-	332,484
			332,101
Total Expenditures	1,914,390	1,648,465	265,925
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(488,607)	(216,367)	272,240
FUND BALANCE: BEGINNING OF YEAR	488,607	562,387	73,780
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 346,020	\$ 346,020

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Sustainability fees	\$ 1,073,136	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,104,576	\$ (95,424)
Miscellaneous income	-	-	3,520	3,520
Net investment income			393	393
Total Revenues	1,073,136	1,200,000	1,108,489	(91,511)
EXPENDITURES				
Repayment to Compark Metro	175,870	302,734	175,974	126,760
Total Expenditures	175,870	302,734	175,974	126,760
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	897,266	897,266	932,515	35,249
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to Water Fund	(897,266)	(897,266)	(932,515)	(35,249)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(897,266)	(897,266)	(932,515)	(35,249)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE: BEGINNING OF YEAR				<u>-</u>
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

NEWENTIES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES	Ф. 2.204.202	Ф. 2.204.202	Ф. 2.202.020	Φ (11.262)			
Property taxes	\$ 2,394,202	\$ 2,394,202	\$ 2,382,839	\$ (11,363)			
Specific ownership taxes Net investment income	191,536 40,000	191,536 40,000	206,518 5,906	14,982 (34,094)			
Net investment income	40,000	40,000	3,900	(34,094)			
Total Revenues	2,625,738	2,625,738	2,595,263	(30,475)			
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service:							
Principal	2,410,000	20,010,000	20,010,000	-			
Interest	465,491	391,826	360,883	30,943			
Issuance costs	-	250,000	100,620	149,380			
County treasurer's fees	35,914	35,914	35,764	150			
Paying agent fees	7,500	7,500	-	7,500			
Miscellaneous	500	4,760		4,760			
Total Expenditures	2,919,405	20,700,000	20,507,267	192,733			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(293,667)	(18,074,262)	(17,912,004)	162,258			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan proceeds		17,800,000	17,655,000	(145,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		17,800,000	17,655,000	(145,000)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER							
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(293,667)	(274,262)	(257,004)	17,258			
FUND BALANCE:							
BEGINNING OF YEAR	440,255	465,854	465,854				
END OF YEAR	\$ 146,588	\$ 191,592	\$ 208,850	\$ 17,258			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER ACTIVITIES

	Original & Fina <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Water sales	\$ 3,476,252	\$ 4,177,946	
Tap fees	400,000	413,962	
Reimbursements	50,000	121,820	
Capital true-up payments	104,109	98,582	
Interest income	55,000	21,038	(33,962)
Total Revenues	4,085,361	4,833,348	747,987
EXPENDITURES	21 200	20.725	(0.525)
Accounting / Audit	31,200	39,735	,
District management	280,000	242,693	
Utility billing	15,000	19,207	,
Engineering/consulting	120,000	61,421	
Insurance	29,600	30,217	` ′
Legal	82,320	38,463	
Miscellaneous / office expenses	30,000	606	*
Dues and permits	5,000	4,980	
Meter set costs	10,000	15,704	,
Meter read costs	15,000	19,414	,
Chemicals	85,000	44,789	
Operations	350,000	339,368	
Operating costs WISE-Renewable Water	313,805	67,429	
Renewable water WISE	1,058,640	1,187,101	
Lab analysis	80,000	35,917	
Tools and Supplies	5,000	-	5,000
Meter replacement	10,000	-	10,000
Repair and replacement	510,000	377,384	
Utilities and telephone	750,000	717,604	
Well Maintenance	500,000	14,212	
Reimbursement expense	15,000	45,637	,
PH study	-	13,978	,
ASR project management	-	42,231	,
Debt service - interest	751,681	571,056	
Debt service - principal	275,000	275,000	
Custodian fee - debt	800	800	
Replacement reserve	800,000	-	800,000
Contingency	1,411,516		1,411,516
Total Expenditures	7,534,562	4,204,946	3,329,616
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,449,201)	628,402	4,077,603
	, , ,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from Supplemental Water fund	897,266	932,515	35,249
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	897,266	932,515	35,249
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER			
SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	(2,551,935)	1,560,917	4,112,852
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,551,935	4,156,779	604,844
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 5,717,696	\$ 4,717,696
Funds available computed as follows:			
Current assets		\$ 6,086,048	
Current liabilities		(368,352)
		\$ 5,717,696	
		<u> </u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) - ENTERPRISE FUND - SEWER ACTIVITIES

REVENUES	Ori	ginal & Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Sewer charges	\$	2,660,000	\$	2,610,504	\$	(49,496)
Tap fees		400,000		413,962		13,962
Capital true-up payments		93,363		86,380		(6,983)
Other Income		200		7,788		7,588
Interest income		119,000		33,645	_	(85,355)
Total Revenues		3,272,563	_	3,152,279		(120,284)
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting / Audit		31,200		39,735		(8,535)
Cherry Creek Basin Fees		5,000		-		5,000
District management		252,000		218,483		33,517
Utility billing		13,500		17,286		(3,786)
Engineering/consulting		85,000		38,904		46,096
Insurance		40,000		40,790		(790)
Legal		37,000		16,998		20,002
Miscellaneous / office expenses		27,000		18,471		8,529
Website/PR expense		500		1,361		(861)
Chemicals		140,000		124,740		15,260
Operations		350,000		308,048		41,952
Lab analysis		60,500		37,328		23,172
Maintenance		375,000		263,452		111,548
Line cleaning		100,000		148,404		(48,404)
Utilities and telephone		100,000		64,291		35,709
Sludge disposal		63,000		53,747		9,253
Capital improvements		450,000		60,382		389,618
Debt service - interest		499,706		499,706		_
Debt service - principal		275,000		275,000		_
Custodian fee - debt		600		300		300
Replacement reserve		2,400,000		-		2,400,000
Contingency		1,928,995				1,928,995
Total Expenditures	_	7,234,001	_	2,227,426	_	5,006,575
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,961,438)		924,853		4,886,291
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,766,865		6,440,118		673,253
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,805,427	\$	7,364,971	\$	5,559,544
Funds available computed as follows: Current assets Current liabilities			\$ <u>\$</u>	7,585,246 (220,275) 7,364,971		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ENTERPRISE FUND - CAPITAL ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Φ 100.000	n 15.262	¢ (04.630)
Net investment income	\$ 100,000	\$ 15,362	\$ (84,638)
Total Revenues	100,000	15,362	(84,638)
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay			
Water capital costs	5,378,549	5,047,014	331,535
Issuance costs	340,000	138,264	201,736
Total Expenditures	5,718,549	5,185,278	533,271
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,618,549)	(5,169,916)	448,633
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond proceeds	8,500,000	7,510,000	990,000
Bond premium	_	1,133,529	(1,133,529)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,500,000	8,643,529	(143,529)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND			
OTHER SOURCES OVER			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	2,881,451	3,473,613	592,162
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,186,531	3,745,902	559,371
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,067,982	\$ 7,219,515	\$ 1,151,533
Funds available computed as follows:			
Current assets		\$ 7,263,948	
Current liabilities		(44,433)	
		\$ 7,219,515	

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND

Excess of revenues over expenditures		
Water Activities	\$	628,402
Sewer Activities		924,853
Capital Activities	_	3,473,613
Excess of revenues over expenditures - All Activities		5,026,868
Add non-cash transfers in/from governmental funds		932,515
Add capital expenditures which are not an expense		5,107,396
Add debt service principal which is not an expense		550,000
Add bond insurance paid which is not an expense		42,719
Add amortization of bond premium which is an expense		64,437
Deduct accrued interest which is not an expenditure		(24,366)
Deduct amortization of bond insurance which is not an expenditure		(3,998)
Deduct bond proceeds and premium which are not a revenue		(8,643,529)
Deduct depreciation which is an expense		(1,954,602)
Changes in Net Position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	\$	1,097,440

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2020

\$17,655,000 General Obligation Refunding Loan Series 2020 Interest Rate of 1.24% Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1

<u>Year</u>	•	<u>Principal</u>	Total			
2021	\$	2,835,000	\$ 187,922	\$ 3,022,922		
2022		2,940,000	152,768	3,092,768		
2023		3,030,000	116,312	3,146,312		
2024		3,120,000	78,740	3,198,740		
2025		3,230,000	 40,052	 3,270,052		
	\$	15,155,000	\$ 575,794	\$ 15,730,794		

DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) December 31, 2020

\$13,040,000 Wastewater Revenue Bonds
Series 2014
Interest Rate Varies from 3.00% to 5.00%
Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

\$13,825,000 Water Revenue Bonds
Series 2015
Interest Rate Varies from 2.00% to 5.00%
Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

Series 2020 Interest Rate Varies from 3.00% to 4.00% Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1

\$7,510,000 Water Revenue Bonds

<u>Year</u>]	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	est <u>Total</u>		<u>(</u>	Grand Total
2021	\$	285,000	\$	488,706	\$	773,706	\$	285,000	\$	562,806	\$	847,806	\$	130,000	\$	311,626	\$	441,626	\$	2,063,138		
2022		300,000		477,306		777,306		295,000		551,406		846,406		150,000		290,550		440,550		2,064,262		
2023		310,000		465,306		775,306		305,000		539,606		844,606		155,000		286,050		441,050		2,060,962		
2024		325,000		449,806		774,806		325,000		524,356		849,356		160,000		281,400		441,400		2,065,562		
2025		340,000		433,556		773,556		340,000		508,106		848,106		165,000		276,600		441,600		2,063,262		
2026		360,000		416,557		776,557		355,000		491,106		846,106		175,000		270,000		445,000		2,067,663		
2027		370,000		404,856		774,856		375,000		473,356		848,356		180,000		263,000		443,000		2,066,212		
2028		380,000		392,369		772,369		390,000		454,606		844,606		185,000		255,800		440,800		2,057,775		
2029		395,000		379,069		774,069		405,000		442,419		847,419		195,000		248,400		443,400		2,064,888		
2030		410,000		364,750		774,750		415,000		429,256		844,256		200,000		240,600		440,600		2,059,606		
2031		425,000		348,350		773,350		430,000		415,250		845,250		210,000		232,600		442,600		2,061,200		
2032		445,000		331,350		776,350		455,000		393,750		848,750		220,000		224,200		444,200		2,069,300		
2033		460,000		313,550		773,550		475,000		371,000		846,000		225,000		215,400		440,400		2,059,950		
2034		480,000		295,150		775,150		500,000		347,250		847,250		235,000		206,400		441,400		2,063,800		
2035		500,000		275,950		775,950		525,000		322,250		847,250		245,000		197,000		442,000		2,065,200		
2036		520,000		255,950		775,950		550,000		296,000		846,000		255,000		187,200		442,200		2,064,150		
2037		540,000		235,150		775,150		570,000		274,000		844,000		265,000		177,000		442,000		2,061,150		
2038		560,000		213,550		773,550		595,000		251,200		846,200		275,000		166,400		441,400		2,061,150		
2039		585,000		191,150		776,150		620,000		227,400		847,400		290,000		155,400		445,400		2,068,950		
2040		605,000		167,750		772,750		645,000		202,600		847,600		300,000		143,800		443,800		2,064,150		
2041		635,000		137,500		772,500		670,000		176,800		846,800		310,000		131,800		441,800		2,061,100		
2042		670,000		105,750		775,750		695,000		150,000		845,000		325,000		119,400		444,400		2,065,150		
2043		705,000		72,250		777,250		730,000		115,250		845,250		335,000		106,400		441,400		2,063,900		
2044		740,000		37,000		777,000		770,000		78,750		848,750		350,000		93,000		443,000		2,068,750		
2045		-		-		-		805,000		40,250		845,250		365,000		79,000		444,000		1,289,250		
2046		-		-		-		-		-		-		380,000		64,400		444,400		444,400		
2047		-		-		-		-		-		-		395,000		49,200		444,200		444,200		
2048		-		-		-		-		-		-		410,000		33,400		443,400		443,400		
2049		<u>-</u>	_						_		_	<u>-</u>		425,000	_	17,000	_	442,000	_	442,000		
	\$	11,345,000	\$	7,252,681	<u>\$ 1</u>	8,597,681	<u>\$ 1</u>	2,525,000	\$	8,638,775	\$	21,163,775	\$	7,510,000	\$	5,323,026	\$	12,833,026	<u>\$</u>	52,594,482		

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2020

Prior
Year Assessed
Valuation

		valuation						
	f	or Current						Percent
Year Ended	1 0		Mills Levied		Total Property Tax			Collected
December 31,			General Fund	Debt Service	Levied		Collected	to Levied
2003	\$	65,854,124	0.830	26.599	\$	1,806,313	\$ 1,795,062	99.38%
2004	\$	67,097,970	0.830	26.599	\$	1,840,430	\$ 1,841,348	100.05%
2005	\$	67,185,730	0.830	26.599	\$	1,842,837	\$ 1,850,284	100.40%
2006	\$	72,645,420	0.813	26.599	\$	1,991,356	\$ 1,977,271	99.29%
2007	\$	73,064,410	0.813	26.599	\$	2,003,841	\$ 1,991,523	99.39%
2008	\$	78,203,770	0.803	26.599	\$	2,142,889	\$ 2,203,253	102.82%
2009	\$	78,880,230	0.803	26.599	\$	2,161,476	\$ 2,139,639	98.99%
2010	\$	77,061,120	0.803	26.599	\$	2,111,629	\$ 2,099,420	99.42%
2011	\$	76,559,370	0.803	26.599	\$	2,097,880	\$ 2,094,541	99.84%
2012	\$	72,156,690	0.803	28.129	\$	2,087,637	\$ 2,086,622	99.95%
2013	\$	72,016,190	0.803	27.000	\$	2,002,266	\$ 1,998,969	99.84%
2014	\$	71,739,705	0.803	27.000	\$	1,994,579	\$ 1,989,439	99.74%
2015	\$	71,598,390	0.803	27.000	\$	1,990,650	\$ 1,990,660	100.00%
2016	\$	82,198,420	0.738	25.000	\$	2,115,623	\$ 2,113,826	99.92%
2017	\$	82,342,260	0.738	25.000	\$	2,119,325	\$ 2,118,181	99.95%
2018	\$	86,081,850	0.738	25.000	\$	2,215,575	\$ 2,215,467	100.00%
2019	\$	86,548,440	0.738	25.000	\$	2,227,584	\$ 2,226,586	99.96%
2020	\$	95,768,070	0.704	25.000	\$	2,461,623	\$ 2,449,940	99.53%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2021	\$	95,591,330	0.704	28.000	\$	2,743,853		
2021	Ψ	75,571,550	0.704	20.000	Ψ	2,173,033		

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.